### § 1003.110

- (i) A specific statement of respondent's right to a hearing, and
- (ii) A statement that failure to request a hearing within 60 days permits the imposition of the proposed penalty, assessment and exclusion without right of appeal; and
- (7) In the case of a notice sent to a respondent who has an agreement under section 1866 of the Act, the notice also indicates that the imposition of an exclusion may result in the termination of the provider's agreement in accordance with section 1866(b)(2)(C) of the Act.
- (b) Any person upon whom the Inspector General has proposed the imposition of a penalty, assessment or exclusion may appeal such proposed penalty, assessment or exclusion to the DAB in accordance with \$1005.2 of this chapter. The provisions of part 1005 of this chapter govern such appeals.
- (c) If the respondent fails, within the time permitted, to exercise his or her right to a hearing under this section, any exclusion, penalty, or assessment becomes final.

 $[57\ FR\ 3348,\ Jan.\ 29,\ 1992,\ as\ amended\ at\ 59\ FR\ 32126,\ June\ 22,\ 1994;\ 64\ FR\ 39429,\ July\ 22,\ 1999;\ 65\ FR\ 24418,\ Apr.\ 26,\ 2000]$ 

## § 1003.110 Failure to request a hearing.

If the respondent does not request a hearing within the time prescribed by §1003.109(a), the Inspector General may impose the proposed penalty, assessment, and exclusion, or any less severe penalty, assessment, and suspension. The Inspector General shall notify the respondent by certified mail, return receipt requested, of any penalty, assessment, and exclusion that has been imposed and of the means by which the respondent may satisfy the judgment. The respondent has no right to appeal a penalty, assessment, and exclusion, with respect to which he or she has not requested a hearing.

 $[51~{\rm FR}~34777,~{\rm Sept.}~30,~1986,~{\rm as~amended~at}~57~{\rm FR}~3348,~{\rm Jan.}~29,~1992]$ 

## § 1003.114 Collateral estoppel.

(a) Where a final determination pertaining to the respondent's liability under §1003.102 has been rendered in any proceeding in which the respondent was a party and had an opportunity

to be heard, the respondent shall be bound by such determination in any proceeding under this part.

- (b) In a proceeding under this part that—
- (1) Is against a person who has been convicted (whether upon a verdict after trial or upon a plea of guilty or nolo contendere) of a Federal crime charging fraud or false statements, and
- (2) Involves the same transactions as in the criminal action, the person is estopped from denying the essential elements of the criminal offense.

[57 FR 3348, Jan. 29, 1992, as amended at 64 FR 39429, July 22, 1999]

#### § 1003.126 Settlement.

The Inspector General has exclusive authority to settle any issues or case, without consent of the ALJ.

[65 FR 24418, Apr. 26, 2000]

### §1003.127 Judicial review.

Section 1128A(e) of the Act authorizes judicial review of a penalty, assessment or exclusion that has become final. Judicial review may be sought by a respondent only with respect to a penalty, assessment or exclusion with respect to which the respondent filed an exception under §1005.21(c) of this chapter unless the failure or neglect to urge such exception will be excused by the court in accordance with section 1128A(e) of the Act because of extraordinary circumstances.

[57 FR 3348, Jan. 29, 1992]

# $\S 1003.128$ Collection of penalty and assessment.

- (a) Once a determination by the Secretary has become final, collection of any penalty and assessment will be the responsibility of CMS, except in the case of the Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant program, where the collection will be the responsibility of the PHS, and in the case of the Social Services Block Grant program, where the collection will be the responsibility of the Office of Human Development Services.
- (b) A penalty or assessment imposed under this part may be compromised by the Inspector General, and may be recovered in a civil action brought in the United States district court for the